

# ART Timing for Selected Opportunistic Infections

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### Disclosures

Merck: adjudication work for new HIV test



# Case 1

### What should I do with this patient's ART?

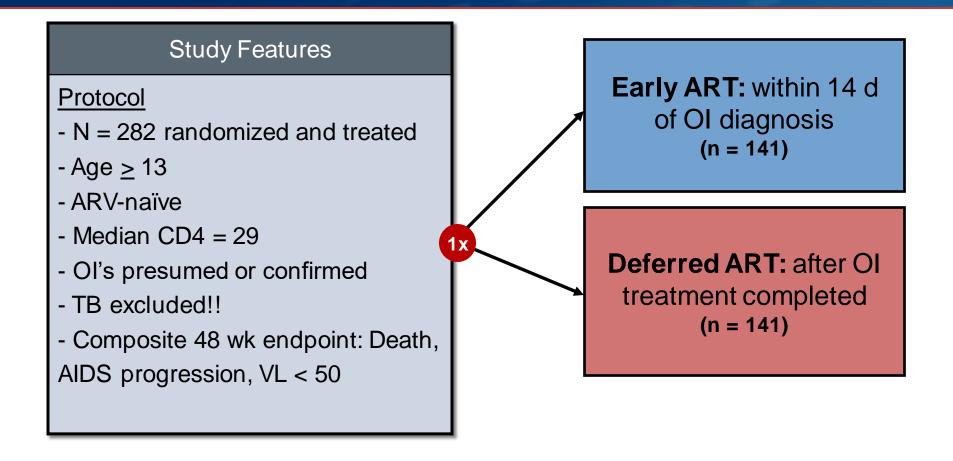
 A 26yo man with HIV, not engaged in care and not on ART presents with cough, dyspnea, and fever. Sputum stains + for PJP.

Start ART?



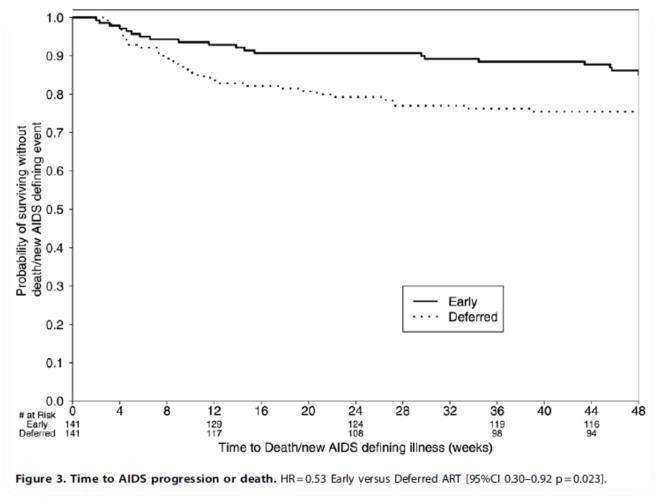


### ACTG 5164 – ART in setting of Acute OI

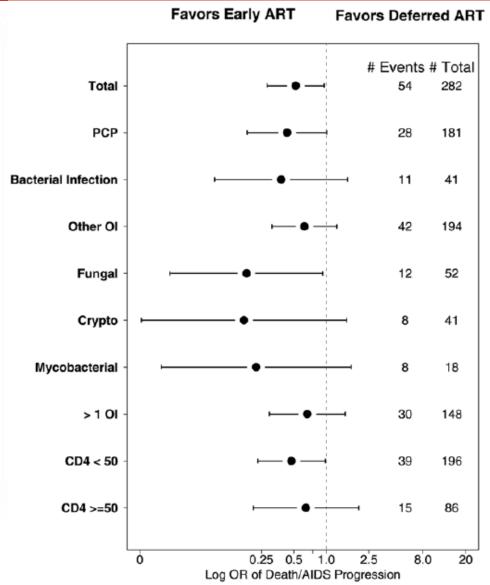


Entry Ol's: PJP (63%), Crypto (12%), Bacterial Infection (12%), Toxo (5%), Histo (4%), CMV (2%), MAC (2%), [Multiple 33%]

### ACTG 5164 – ART in setting of Acute OI



HR 0.53 (95%CI 0.3-0.92) favoring early ART





# Case 2

### What should I do with this patient's ART?

 A 37 yo African man presents with weight loss, cough, and fever. He tests HIV+. His CD4 T-cell count is 26, pVL is 210K. His sputum stains AFB+ and he is started on RIPE.

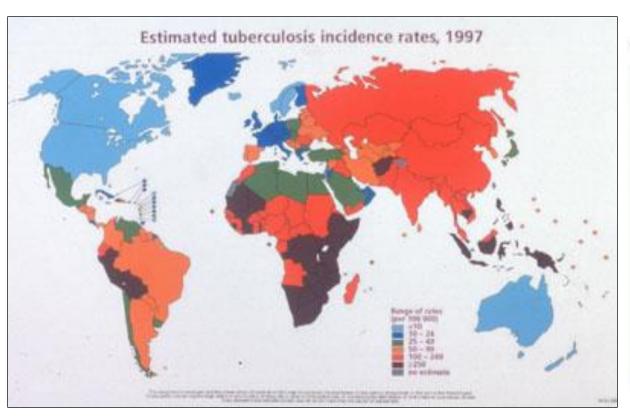
Start ART?

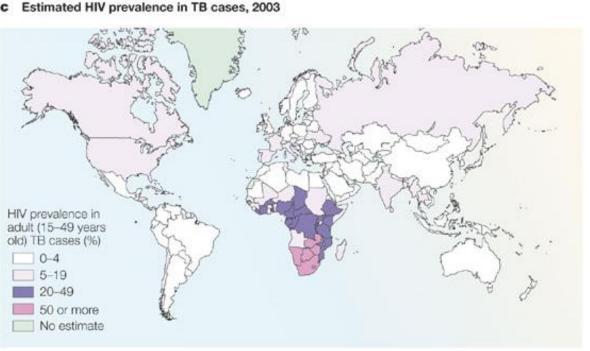




# Epidemiology

# Overlapping Epidemics At Least 1/3 of all patients with HIV are infected with TB

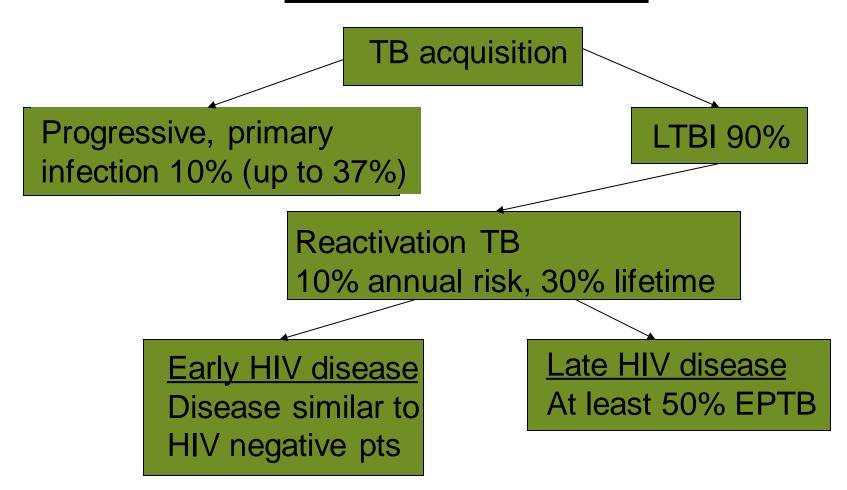






# Pathogenesis and Natural History

### Effect of HIV on TB





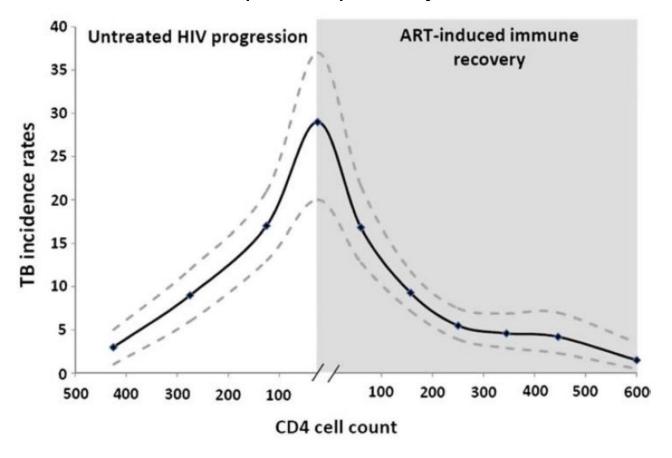
### Pathogenesis and Natural History

### Effect of ART

- Incidence of tuberculosis is decreased by 70 to 90% over time
- ART reduces mortality 64-95%

Lederberger, JAMA, 1999 Girardi, AIDS, 2000 Jones Int J Tuberc Lung Dis, 2000 Santoro-Lopez, CID, 2002 ARV Rx Cohort Collab, CID, 2005 Lawn, Clin Chest Med, 2009

#### Cases per 100/person-years



Lawn, JID, 2011



### **Tuberculosis and HAART: Timing**

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#### Earlier versus Later Start of Antiretroviral Therapy in HIV-Infected Adults with Tuberculosis

François-Xavier Blanc, M.D., Ph.D., Thim Sok, M.D., Didier Laureillard, M.D., Laurence Borand, Pharm.D., Claire Rekacewicz, M.D., Eric Nerrienet, Ph.D., Yoann Madec, Ph.D., Olivier Marcy, M.D., Sarin Chan, M.D., Narom Prak, M.D., Chindamony Kim, M.D., Khemarin Kim Lak, M.D., Chanroeurn Hak, M.D., Bunnet Dim, M.D., Chhun Im Sin, M.D., Sath Sun, M.D., Bertrand Guillard, M.D., Borann Sar, M.D., Ph.D., Sirenda Vong, M.D., Marcelo Fernandez, M.D., Lawrence Fox, M.D., Ph.D., Jean-François Delfraissy, M.D., Ph.D., and Anne E. Goldfeld, M.D., for the CAMELIA (ANRS 1295–CIPRA KH001) Study Team\*

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

#### Integration of Antiretroviral Therapy with Tuberculosis Treatment

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#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

#### Timing of Antiretroviral Therapy for HIV-1 Infection and Tuberculosis

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Johnstone Kumwenda, M.B., B.S., Susan Swindells, M.B., B.S., Sarojini S. Qasba, M.D.,
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and Ian Sanne, M.D., for the AIDS Clinical Trials Group Study A5221\*



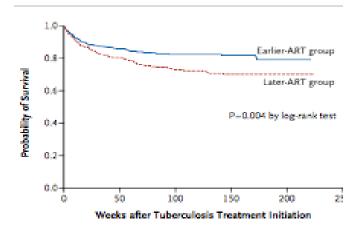
# Tuberculosis and HAART: Timing

Study	Patients	ARV timing	IRIS	Outcome
Blanc (Cambodia)	N = 661 Median CD4 = 25	2 weeks Vs 8 weeks	HR 2.51 (for early ARVs)	HR for death 0.62 (for early ARVs)
Havlir (Africa, Asia, NA, SA)	N = 809 Median CD4 = 77	Median of 10 Vs 70 days	Early 11% Late 5%	Death rate: Overall 12.9% Vs 16.1% (NS) CD4 < 50: 15.5% Vs 26.6% (P=0.02)
Karim (S. Africa)	N = 642 Median CD4 = 150	Median of 21 Vs 97 days	HR of 2.62 (for early ARVs)	AIDS or Death: Overall: No difference CD4 < 50: 8.5 Vs 26.3 per 100 py (P=0.06)

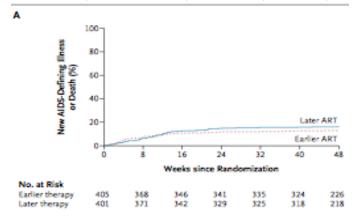


### Tuberculosis and HAART: Timing

### Blanc, Cambodia



### Havlir, Africa, Asia, NA, SA



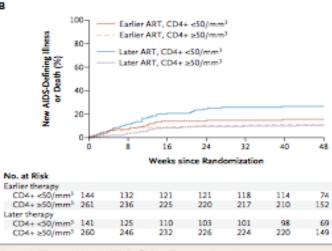


Figure 2. Time to New AIDS-Defining Illness or Death.

Shown are the times to the end point of a new AIDS-defining illness or death for the entire study population (Panel A) and for the study population according to CD4+ T-cell count (Panel B).

### Karim, South Africa

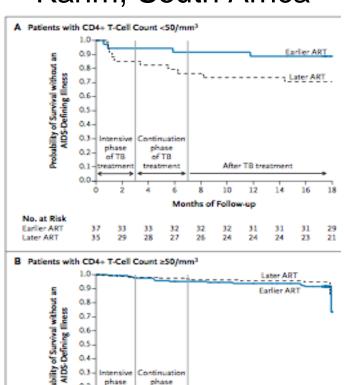


Figure 2. Kaplan–Meier Curves for Survival without an AIDS-Defining Illness.

Panel A shows the data for patients with a CD4+ T-cell count of less than

50 per cubic millimeter, and Panel B shows the data for patients with higher

CD4+ T-cell counts. TB denotes tuberculosis.

145

138

After TB treatment

12

of TB treatment

of TB

breatment

No. at Risk

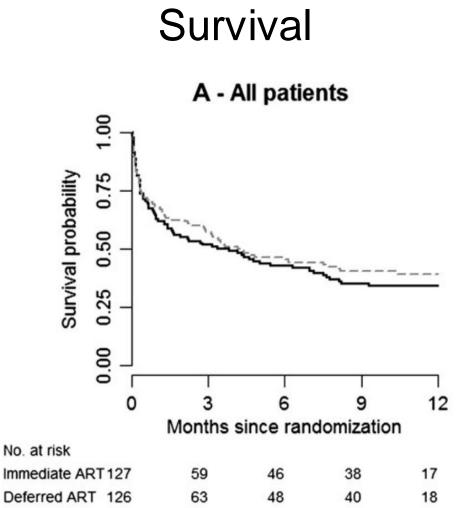
Earlier ART

Later ART



### TB Meningitis and HAART – Be Careful

- R, DB, PC trial of 253 pts with TB meningitis
- All received RIPE + Dex
- ART (3TC/AZT/EFV) was given either
  - Immediately (~ 1 week)
  - After 2 months of TB Rx
- Results
  - No difference in mortality or new AIDS dx between groups
  - More grade 4 AE in the immediate group
  - No difference in neurological events between groups





# Principles of Treatment: It's All About Rifampin

	Rifampin	Rifabutin
TAF	TAF AUC decreased 55%, but intracellular concentration of TFV-DP less affected (decreased by 36%) – still not recommended	Not tested
NNRTI Efavirenz Nevirapine Etravirine Rilpivirine Doravirine	EVF decreased 28% - OK  NVP decreased by 20-58% - No  Decreased ETR - No  RLP decreased by 80% - No  DOR decreased 88% - No	OK Not tested Not tested Not tested Not tested
Protease inhibitors	Decreased PI by 75% - No	OK with r-boosted PI but reduce rifabutin dose to 150 per day
Integrase inhibitors Raltegravir c/Elvitegravir Dolutegravir Bictegravir	RAL decreased 40%, dose: 800 bid Significant decrease in ELV – No DTG decreased - dose DTG 50 bid BIC decreased 75% - No	RAL AUC increased 70% - OK DTG - probably OK ELV - No BIC - No



### Tuberculosis and ART

- ART improves the outcomes of HIV/TB co-infected persons
- In those with CD4 < 50 start ART within 2 weeks of TB therapy</li>
- In those with CD4 > 50 start ART within 2 months of TB therapy
- In those with TB meningitis be careful with early ART start: there are more grade 4 AEs (but no change in mortality)
- ART choices in patients on TB therapy: EFV or DTG or RAL + 2NRTIs is preferred. Avoid TAF and PIs.



# Case 3

# What should I do with this patient's ART?

• A 46 yo man with HIV presents with confusion and fever. His CD4 is 68. Lumbar puncture reveals an opening pressure of 300, 15 WBC (all lymphocytes), protein of 110, glucose 40, CrAg + 1:128. He is started on L-Ampho and 5-FC.

Start ART?



### COAT: Cryptococcal Optimal ART Timing

### **COAT Study**

### Design:

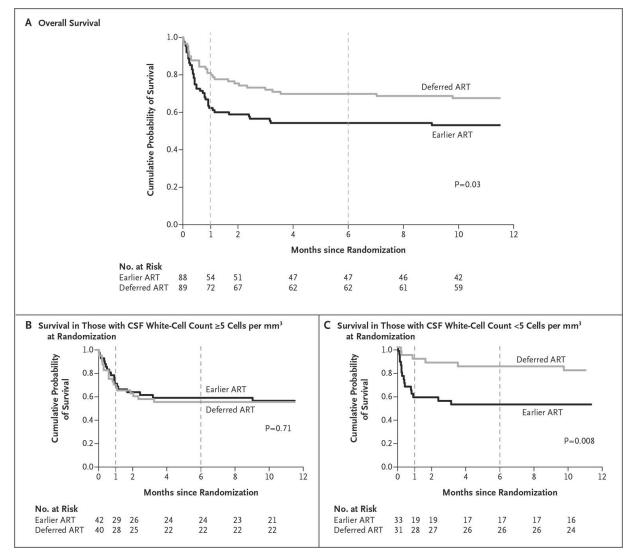
- Early ART (<14 days) vs. late (≥4 weeks)
- Goal: 250 participants in each arm
- Primary endpoint: 6-month survival
- Stratified by MS (GCS 15 vs. <15) and CSF WBC ( $\geq$  or < 5)
- Induction: amphotericin 0.7-1 mg/kg/day + fluconazole 800 mg

### • Results:

- Halted by DSMB after 177 randomized
- 6-month survival: early ART- 48/88 (<u>55%</u>), delayed ART- 62/89 (<u>70%</u>) [HR 1.7 (95% CI 1.1-2.8, p=0.03)]



### COAT: Cryptococcal Optimal ART *Timing*



Overall survival better in the deferred group

Especially in those with few CSF WBCs

No increase incidence of IRIS in the early treatment group — But the definition of IRIS required initial improvement — so many early deaths may have been due to misclassified IRIS



### Cryptococcal Meningitis and ART

- Worse outcomes in patients starting ART within 2 weeks of initiating cryptococcal therapy
- Delay ART start for at least 4 weeks, monitor for IRIS and manage increased ICP aggressively
  - Repeated lumbar punctures for symptoms target CSF pressures
     < 20 (or remove 20-25 mls)</li>
  - Avoid steroids to manage increased ICP early in disease (associated with increased mortality)
  - <u>Later</u>, if dealing with IRIS (and when CSF cultures are sterile) can consider steroids to manage IRIS

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