

# Hepatitis A, B & C SCREENING

www.aidsetc.org

### **Hepatitis** A

**Screening Labs** 

anti-HA IgG Demonstrates immunity (either through vaccination or prior infection)

OR

**Hepatitis A Total Antibody** 

anti-HA IgM Demonstrates acute infection

## Hepatitis B

**Screening Labs** 

Initial Screening: HBsAg, anti-HBc IgG, anti-HBs (Hepatitis B Surface Antibody)

All HBsAg+ subjects: HBeAg, anti-HBeAb, quantitative HBV DNA level by PCR,

Alpha-fetoprotein (AFP), Hepatitis D (Delta) Antibody (screen for co-infection)

#### **Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests**

	Acute	Past	Vaccine	Chronic	Chronic	Inactive
	HBV Infection	Exposure (Immunity)	Responder	HBV Infection	Precore Mutant	Carrier
HBsAg	+	-	-	+	+	+
anti-HBs	-	+	+	-	-	-
HBeAg	+	•	•	+	•	-
anti-HBe	-	+/-	ı	-	+	+
anti-HBc IgG	+	+	•	+	+	+
anti-HBc IgM	+	-	- 1	-	•	-
HBV DNA (PCR)	+	-	-	+	+	-

#### If HBsAg(-), anti-HBc(+), and anti-HBs(-) = several possible interpretations

- Recovering from acute HBV infection
- Immune but undetectable level of anti-HBs
- False positive anti-HBc and susceptible to infection
- HBV carrier with undetectable HBsAg level

Obtain quantitative HBV DNA level by PCR and consider repeating initial screen.



#### Screening Labs

- Initial Screening: anti-HCV (2nd or 3rd generation EIA)
- All anti-HCV(+) subjects: quantitative HCV RNA, HCV genotype
- If anti-HCV(+) and quantitative HCV RNA(-): qualitative and quantitative HCV RNA in 6 months

#### Additional Screening Labs/ Baseline Evaluations

- Obtain CBC, BMP with hepatic function panel, PT/PTT, lipid profile, ferritin, iron, TSH, HIV ELISA/WB, ANA.
- Screen for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC): AFP and liver imaging (ultrasound, CT, or MRI).
- Consider liver biopsy to grade and stage disease.